

ABSTRAK

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk menguji pengaruh *Capital Adequacy Ratio* (CAR), *Loan to Deposit Ratio* (LDR), *Non performing Loan* (LDR), Ukuran Perusahaan (*Firm Size*) terhadap *Retrun On Assets* (ROA). Penelitian ini dilakukan pada Otoritas Jasa Keuangan yang sudah go public.

Sampel yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah sebanyak 460 perusahaan. dari Otoritas Jasa Keuangan Tahun 2014 - 2018. Hubungan dan pengaruh antar variabel dijelaskan dengan menggunakan metode analisis regresi linear berganda.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa *Capital Adequacy Ratio* (CAR) berpengaruh terhadap *Return On Assets* (ROA). Sedangkan *Loan to Deposit Ratio* (LDR) tidak berpengaruh terhadap *Retrun On Assets* (ROA), *Non Performing Loan* (NPL) berpengaruh terhadap *Return On Assets* (ROA) dan Ukuran Perusahaan berpengaruh terhadap *Retrun On Assets* (ROA).

Kata Kunci : *Capital Adequacy Ratio* (CAR), *Loan to Deposit Ratio* (LDR), *Non Performing Loan* (NPL), Ukuran Perusahaan (*Firm Size*) dan *Retrun On Assets* (ROA).

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to examine the effect of Capital Adequacy Ratio, Loan to Deposit Ratio (LDR), Non Performing Loans (LDR), Firm Size on Return On Assets. This research was conducted at the Financial Services Authority that has gone public.

The sample used in this study were 460 companies. from the Financial Services Authority in 2014 - 2018. Relationships and or influence between variables are explained using multiple linear regression analysis methods.

The results of this study indicate that the Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) variable an effect Return On Assets (ROA). The Loan to Deposit Ratio (LDR) variable has a not on effect Return on Assets (ROA), Non Performing Loans (NPL) variable an effect Return On Assets (ROA) and Firm Size variable a effect on Return On Assets (ROA).

Keywords: Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR), Loan to Deposit Ratio (LDR), Non Performing Loan (NPL), Firm Size, Return On Assets (ROA).